

## DESCRIPTION

The EV4068-S-00A Evaluation Board is designed to demonstrate the capabilities of MP4068. The MP4068 is a highly integrated TRIAC dimmable LED driver with high power factor. It is specifically designed for low-line input (120VAC), no-isolated, TRIAC-dimmable LED lighting applications, especially for the low cost and small form factor applications.

The integrated 500V MOSFET ensures the system to withstand 500V surge test without MOV or TVS. Only a single winding inductor is required to realize the solution. It features MPS's proprietary hybrid operation mode which is designed to achieve good dimming performance.

The EV4068-S-00A is typically designed for driving an 7W Triac dimmable LED bulb with 50V<sub>TYP</sub>, 140mA LED load from 108VAC to 132VAC, 60Hz.

The EV4068-S-00A has an excellent efficiency and meets IEC61547 surge immunity, IEC61000-3-2 Class C harmonics and EN55015 conducted EMI requirements. It has multi-protection function as over-voltage protection; output short-circuit protection, thermal shut down, etc.

## ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	108 to 132	VAC
Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	50	V
LED Current	I <sub>LED</sub>	140	mA
Output Power	P <sub>OUT</sub>	7	W
Efficiency (full load)	η	>84	%
Power Factor	PF	>0.9	
THD	THD	<41	%

## FEATURES

- Excellent TRIAC Dimming Performance
- Lowest Cost BOM
- Constant Current LED Driver
- Good LED Current Accuracy
- 500V MOSFET Integrated
- Internal HV Fast Start-Up
- Single Winding Inductor
- High Power Factor(>0.9)
- High Efficiency (>84%)
- LED Current Foldback at High Temperature
- Thermal Shutdown (Auto Restart with Hysteresis)
- VCC Under Voltage Lockout with Hysteresis (UVLO)
- Programmable Over Voltage Protection
- Output Short Circuit Protection
- Fit inside GU10 Bulb Enclosure

## APPLICATIONS

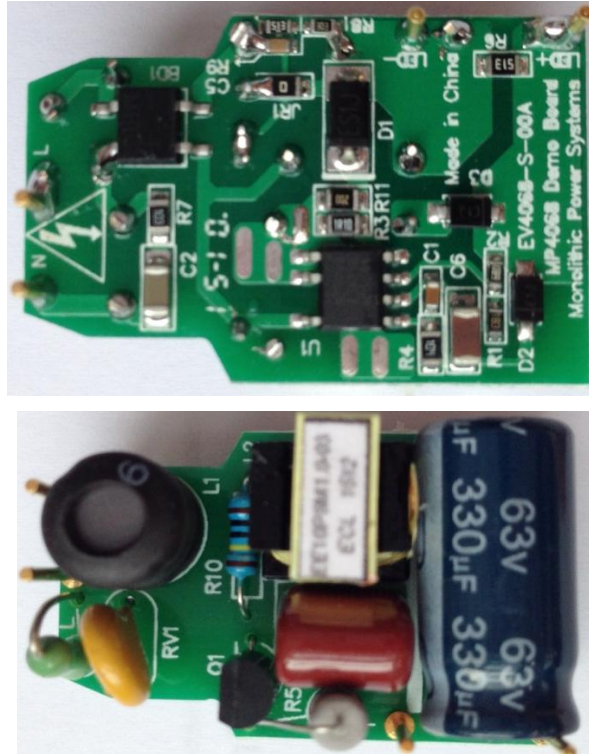
- Solid State Lighting
- Industrial & Commercial Lighting
- Residential Lighting

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**Warning:** Although this board is designed to satisfy safety requirements, the engineering prototype has not been agency approved. Therefore, all testing should be performed using an isolation transformer to provide the AC input to the prototype board.

### EV4068-S-00A EVALUATION BOARD



(L x W x H) 35mm x 23mm x 15mm

Board Number	MPS IC Number
EV4068-S-00A	MP4068GS

### EVALUATION BOARD SCHEMATIC

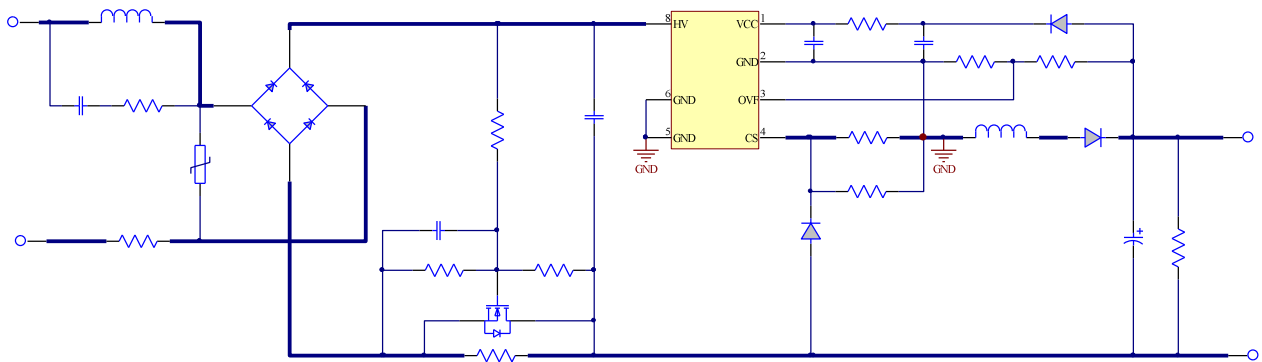
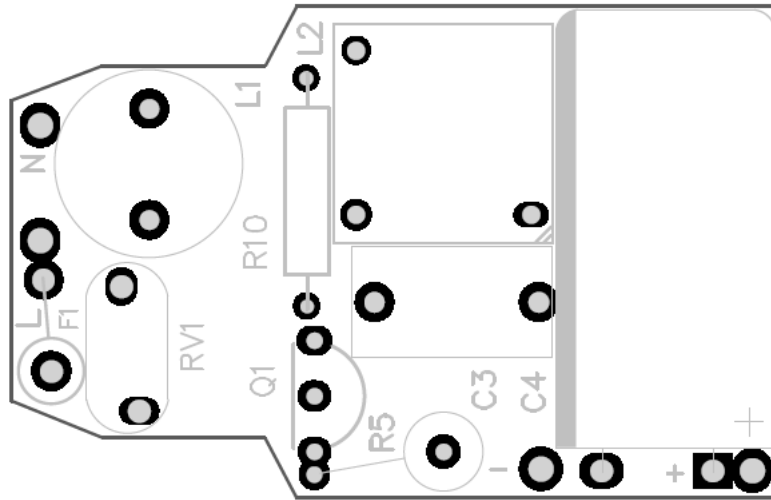
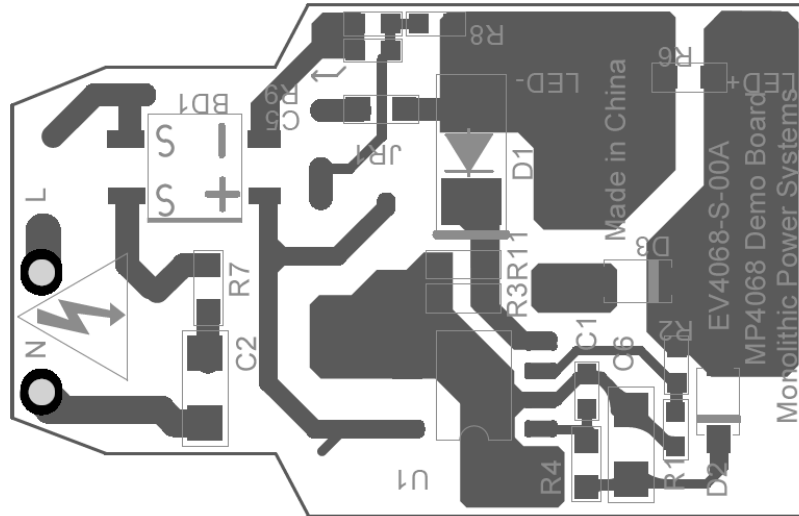


Figure 1—Schematic

**PCB LAYOUT (SINGLE-SIDED)**



**Figure 2—Top Layer**



**Figure 3—Bottom Layer**

## CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The EV4068-S-00A is configured in a single-stage Buck topology and gets a cost effective BOM. It also achieves high power factor and excellent TRIAC dimming performance.

F1, RV1, L1, R7, C2, and BD1 compose the input stage. F1 fuses the AC input to protect for the component failure or some excessive short events. RV1 is used for surge test. L1, R7 and C2 form an EMI filter. The diode rectifier BD1 rectifies the input line voltage.

C7, L3 and C3 form a  $\pi$  structure EMI. R12, C8 are used as a bleeder circuit which keeping the TRIAC current above the minimum holding current after TRIAC turns on.

R8, R9, R10, R5, Q1 with C5 compose the active damping circuit. It helps to reduce the inrush current through dimmer at the moment dimmer turning on. The circuit let the inrush current flow through R5 at the moment TRIAC dimmer turning on. Then Q1 turns on and shorts R5, this saves power loss from R5. The R10 connected from bus provides a bias voltage for the gate driver of Q1, which also save power loss of Q1.

R4, D2, C1 and C6 are used to supply the power for MP4068. At normal work, the power is charged by the internal high voltage regulator from HV pin. But in deep dimming condition, the power may not be enough supplied only by the high voltage regulator, the diode D2 connected to output will help maintain the power supply voltage.

R1 and R2 are used to monitor the output OVP condition. The OVP voltage is set by the divider ratio of R1 and R2.

R3, R11 are sensing resistors for LED current control. The value of R3 and R11 set the output LED current.

Diode D1 is the Buck fly-wheel diode, the inductor L2 and the capacitor C4 are the output filter. The resistor R6 is placed as a dummy load to consume the output power in open load condition. The diode D3 is used to prevent the output current flowing back to IC when input Sine voltage drops lower than output voltage.

**EV4068-S-00A BILL OF MATERIALS**

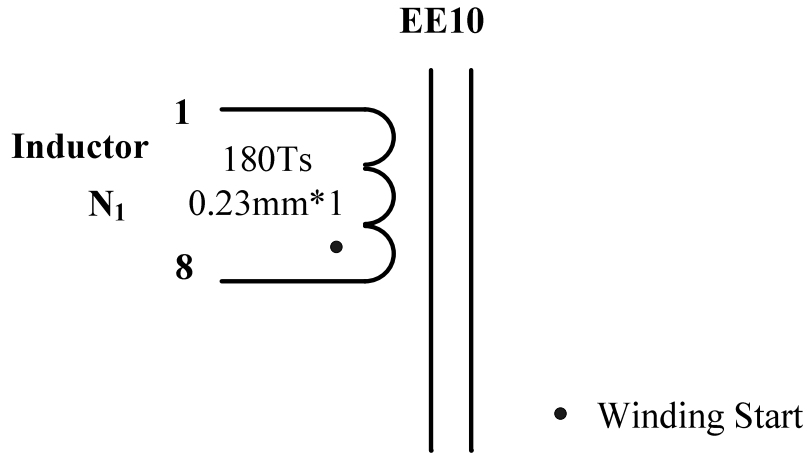
Qty	Ref	Value	Description	Package	Manufacturer	Manufacture_P/N
1	C1	2.2 $\mu$ F/10V	Ceramic Cap, 10V, X7R	0603	muRata	GRM188R71A225KE15D
1	C2	68pF/630V	Ceramic Cap, 630V, C0G	1206	muRata	GRM31A7U2J680JW31D
1	C3	220nF/450V	CBB, 450V	DIP	Fara	C222S224K31C000
1	C4	330 $\mu$ F/63V	Electrolytic Capacitor, 63V	DIP	Jianghai	CD263-63V330
1	C5	330nF/10V	Ceramic Cap, 10V, X7R	0603	HHEC	C0603X334K010T
1	C6	3.3 $\mu$ F/100V	Ceramic Cap, 100V, X7S	1206	TDK	C3216X7S2A335K
1	BD1	MB6S	Rectifier Bridge, 600V, 0.5A	SOIC-4	Taiwan Semiconductor	MB6S
1	D1	ES1J	Diode, 1A, 600V	SMA	Taiwan Semiconductor	ES1J
2	D2, D3	DSF1J	Diode, 1A, 600V	SOD-123FL	SXY	DSF1J
1	F1	250V/1A	Fuse	DIP	Little fuse	39211000000
1	L1	10mH	Inductor	DIP	Hulsin	HDR0810-103K-N5
1	L2	1mH	Inductor, $\Phi$ 0.23mm, 180 turns	EE10	Emei	
1	Q1	SSN1N45B TA	N-Channel MOSFET	TO-92	Fairchild	SSN1N45BTA
1	R1	18k $\Omega$	Thick Film Chip Res, 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-0718KL
1	R2	499k $\Omega$	Thick Film Chip Res, 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-07499KL
1	R3	1.1 $\Omega$	Thick Film Chip Res, 1%	0805	Yageo	RC0805FR-071R1L
1	R11	20 $\Omega$	Thick Film Chip Res, 1%	0805	Yageo	RC0805FR-0720RL
1	R4	100k $\Omega$	Thick Film Chip Res, 5%	0805	Yageo	RC0805JR-07100KL
1	R5	200 $\Omega$ /1W	Metal Film Res, 1W, 5%	DIP	Any	200 $\Omega$ /1W
1	R6	51k $\Omega$	Thick Film Chip Res, 5%	0805	Yageo	RC0805JR-0751KL
1	R7	10k $\Omega$	Thick Film Chip Res, 5%	0805	Yageo	RC0805JR-0710KL
1	R8	30k $\Omega$	Thick Film Chip Res, 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-0730KL
1	R9	51k $\Omega$	Thick Film Chip Res, 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-0751KL
1	R10	1M $\Omega$ /0.25W	Metal Film Res, 1W, 5%	DIP	Any	1M $\Omega$ /0.25W
1	RV1	TVR07241	MOV	DIP	TKS	TVR07241

**EV4068-S-00A BILL OF MATERIALS (continued)**

Qty	Ref	Value	Description	Package	Manufacturer	Manufacture_P/N
1	JR1	0Ω	Thick Film Chip Res, 5%	0805	Yageo	RC0805JR-070RL
1	U1	MP4068GS	Triac-dimmable LED Lighting Controller	SOIC8-7	MPS	MP4068S-CU10 R4
4	L,N, LED +,LE D_	1.0 公针				1.0 公针

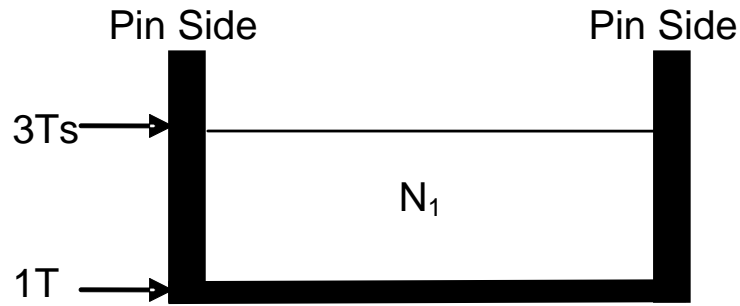
**TRANSFORMER SPECIFICATION**

**Electrical Diagram**



**Figure 4—Transformer Electrical Diagram**

**Winding Diagram**



**Figure 5—Winding Diagram**

**Winding Order**

Winding No.	Tape Layer Number	Start & End	Magnet Wire $\Phi$ (mm)	Turns
	1			
N <sub>1</sub>	3	8→1	0.23mm * 1	180

**Electrical Specifications**

<b>Electrical Strength</b>	60 second, 60Hz, from Winding to CORE.	1000VAC
<b>Primary Inductance</b>	Pins 1 - 8, all other windings open, measured at 100kHz, 0.1 VRMS	1mH±8%

**Materials**

Item	Description
1	Core: EE10, UI=2500±25%, AL=221.5H/N2±2% GAP, ACME P4 or equivalent
2	Bobbin: EE10, 4+4PIN RMMOVE PIN2,3,4,6,7
3	Wire: $\Phi$ 0.23mm, 2UEW, CLASS F or equivalent
4	Tape: 6.5mm(W)×0.06mm(TH)
5	Varnish: JOHN C. DOLPH CO, BC-346A or equivalent
6	Solder Bar: CHEN NAN: SN99.5/Cu0.5 or equivalent



## EVB TEST RESULTS

### Performance Data

#### Efficiency, PF and THD

$f$ (Hz)	Vin(V)	Pin(W)	Vo(V)	Io(mA)	Po(W)	Efficiency (%)	PF	THD (%)
60	108	7.64	48.4	133	6.44	84.3	0.954	30.9
	120	8.08	48.8	141	6.88	85.2	0.94	35.6
	132	8.44	49	147	7.20	85.3	0.923	40.5

#### Dimming Compatibility (No Flicker with these 31 different Dimmers)

Dimmer No.	Manufacturer	Part No.	Power Stage	I <sub>max</sub> (mA)	I <sub>min</sub> (mA)
1	LUTRON	Q-600P-IV	600W Incandescent	126	7
2	LUTRON	CN-600P	600W	109	2
3	LUTRON	AY-600P	600W	109	2
4	LUTRON	SLV-600P	600W	110	2
5	LUTRON	LG-600P	600W	110	2
6	LUTRON	6B38-Q-600P	600W	111	2
7	LUTRON	GL-600H-DK	600W Incandescent	119	1
8	LEVITON	1G40O5	600W	111	0
9	LEVITON	1I20O5	600W	127	0
10	LEVITON	6633-P	600W	126	0
11	LUTRON	6B38-S-600P	600W	108	2
12	LUTRON	CT-600P	600W	105	4
13	LUTRON	6B38-S-603PG	600W	84	1
14	LUTRON	6B38-DV-600P	600W	105	4
15	LUTRON	DVCL-153P	600W	100	31
16	LUTRON	6B38-DVLV-600P	600W	107	5
17	LEVITON	1L10O5	600W	109	2
18	LUTRON	GLS01-C06570	600W	82	0
19	LUTRON	DV-600P-BR	600W Incandescent	106	3
20	LEVITON	6613-PL	600W Magnetic low voltage	125	1
21	LEVITON	C20-6684-IW	600W Incandescent	131	1
22	LUTRON	AY-600P-LA	600W Incandescent	111	3
23	LUTRON	TG-600PH-WH	600W	108	4
24	LUTRON	TG-603GH-WH	600W	79	4
25	LUTRON	S-600	600W	117	2
26	LUTRON	DVPDC-203P-WH	200W for Philips dimmable CFL	115	45
27	LUTRON	S-600P	600W	105	2
28	LUTRON	6B38-DV-603PG	600W	83	3
29	LUTRON	DNG-603PH-WH	400W	100	0
30	COOPER	6B28	600W	113	1
31	LEVITON	6633-P-1G10O5	600W	125	2

**Electric Strength Test**

Input and output was shorted respectively. 3750VAC/50Hz sine wave applied between input and output for 1min, and operation was verified.

**Surge Test**

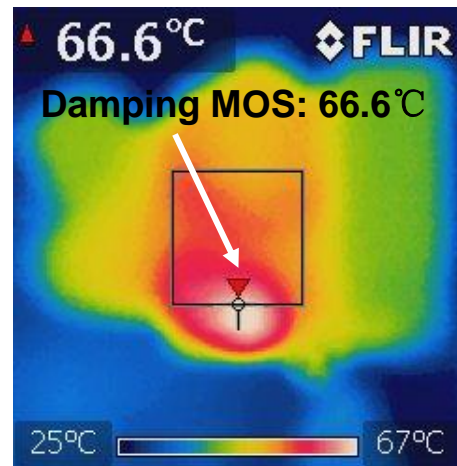
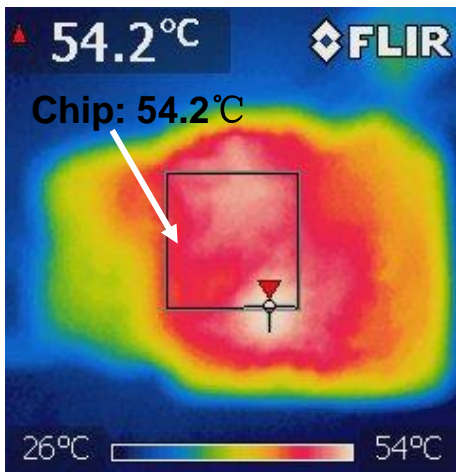
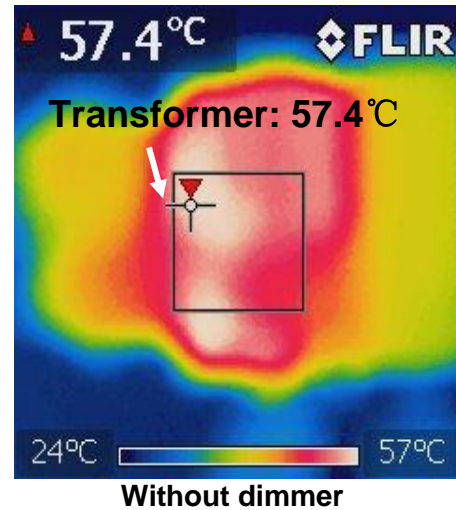
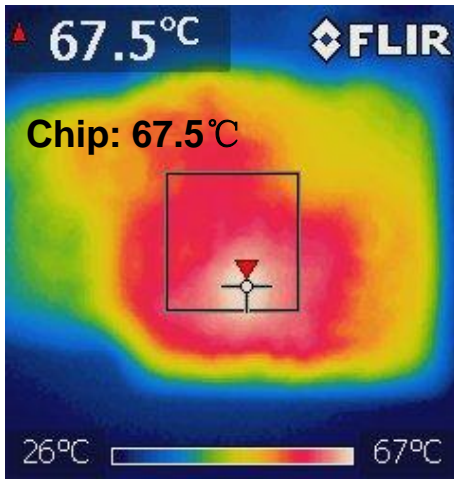
Line to Line 500V surge testing was completed according to IEC61547.

Input voltage was set at 120VAC/60Hz. Output was loaded at full load and operation was verified following each surge event.

Surge Level (V)	Input Voltage (VAC)	Injection Location	Injection Phase (°)	Test Result (Pass/Fail)
500	120	L to N	90	Pass
-500	120	L to N	270	Pass

**Thermal Test**

Test without dimmer and with dimmer at 50% dimming on phase.



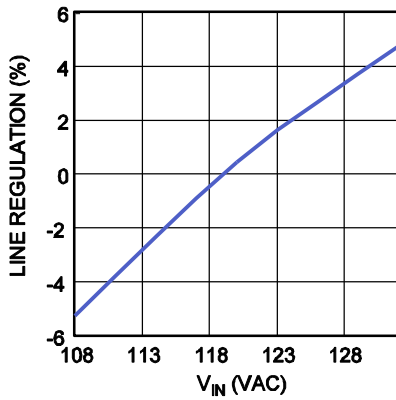
## EVB TEST RESULTS

Performance waveforms are tested on the evaluation board.

$V_{IN}=120V_{AC}/60Hz$ , 16 LEDs in series,  $I_{LED}=140mA$ ,  $V_{OUT}=50V$ ,  $L=1mH$ .

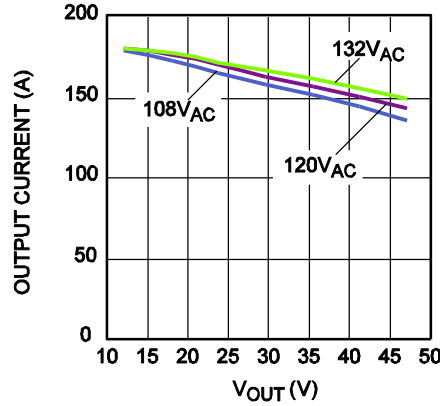
### Line Regulation

$V_{IN}=(108-132)V_{AC}/60Hz$ , Full Load



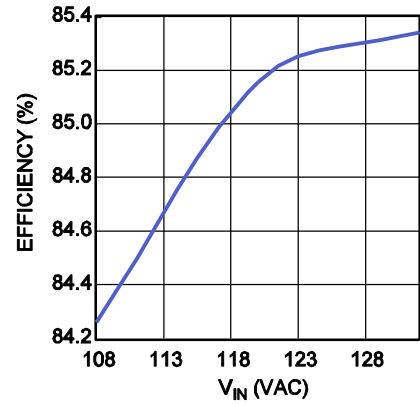
### Load Regulation

$V_{IN}=(108-132)V_{AC}/60Hz$



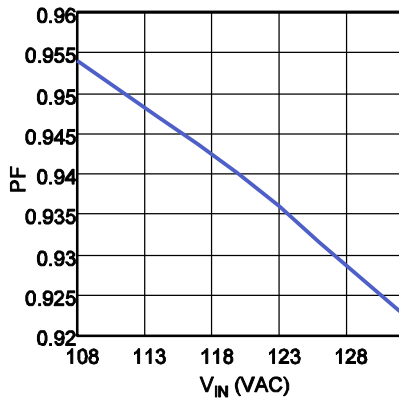
### Efficiency vs. $V_{IN}$

$V_{IN}=(108-132)V_{AC}/60Hz$ , Full Load



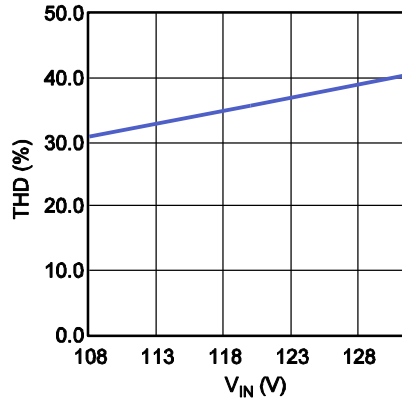
### PF vs. $V_{IN}$

$V_{IN}=(108-132)V_{AC}/60Hz$ , Full Load



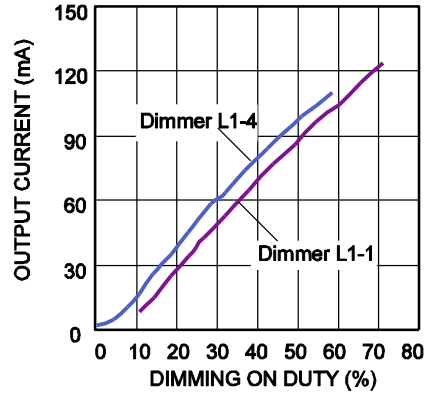
### THD vs. $V_{IN}$

$V_{IN}=(108-132)V_{AC}/60Hz$ , Full Load



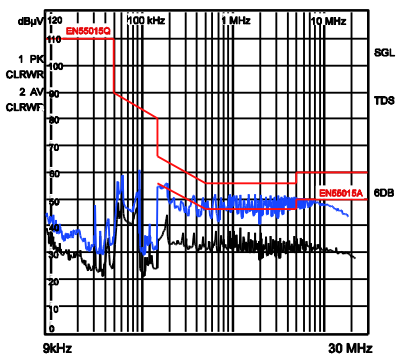
### Dimming Curve

$V_{IN}=120V_{AC}/60Hz$ , Full Load, with Different Dimmers



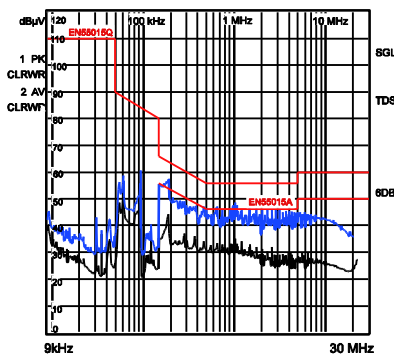
### Conducted EMI, L-Line

$V_{IN}=115V_{AC}$ , RBW=9kHz, MT=20ms



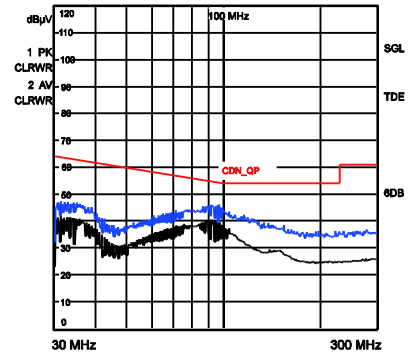
### Conducted EMI, N-Line

$V_{IN}=115V_{AC}$ , RBW=9kHz, MT=20ms



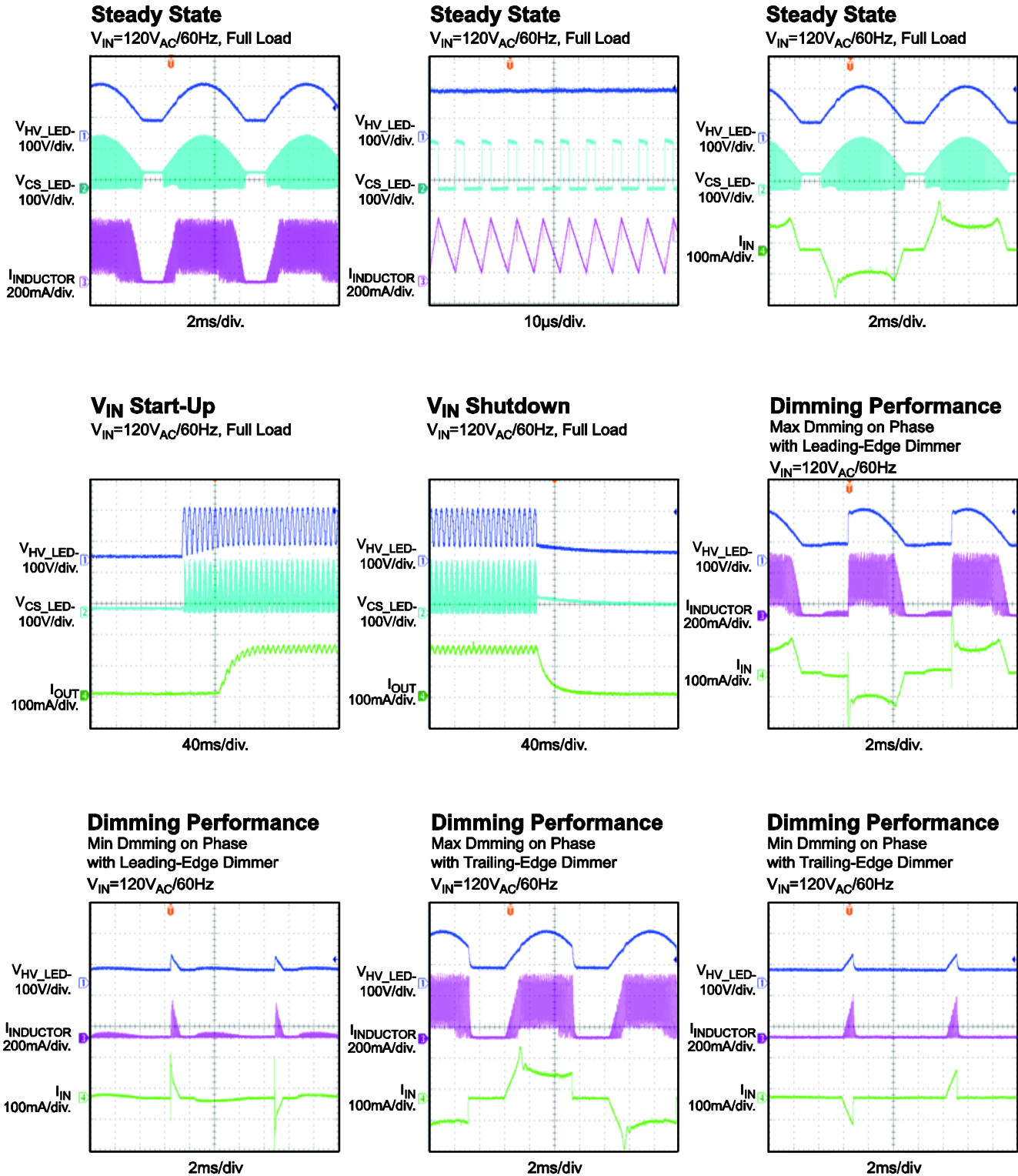
### CDN Test

$V_{IN}=115V_{AC}$ , RBW=120kHz, MT=1ms



**EVB TEST RESULTS (continued)**

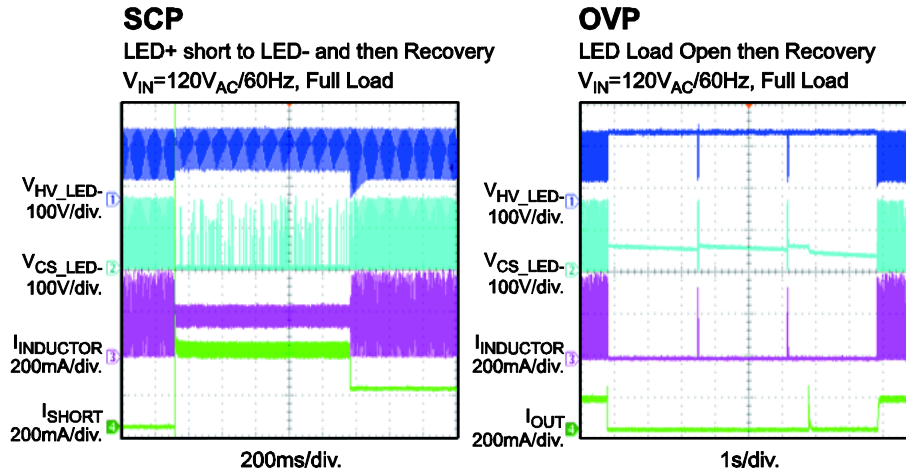
Performance waveforms are tested on the evaluation board.

 $V_{IN}=120V_{AC}/60Hz$ , 16 LEDs in series,  $I_{LED}=140mA$ ,  $V_{OUT}=50V$ ,  $L=1mH$ .


### EVB TEST RESULTS *(continued)*

Performance waveforms are tested on the evaluation board.

$V_{IN}=120V_{AC}/60Hz$ , 16 LEDs in series,  $I_{LED}=140mA$ ,  $V_{OUT}=50V$ ,  $L=1mH$ .



## QUICK START GUIDE

1. Preset AC Power Supply to  $108\text{VAC} \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq 132\text{VAC}$ .
2. Turn Power Supply off.
3. Connect the LED string between “LED+” (anode of LED string) and “LED-” (cathode of LED string).
4. Connect Power Supply terminals to AC  $V_{\text{IN}}$  terminals (“L” and “N”) as shown on the board.
5. Turn AC Power Supply on after making connections.

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