

DESCRIPTION

The MP8001/MP8001A are IEEE 802. 3 af POE compliant Powered Device (PD) controllers. they include detection and classification modes as well as a 100V output pass device having a temperature compensated current limit over the specified temperature range. Thermal protection is built in to accommodate both transient and/or overload conditions, shutting the part down and protecting the input source as well as the output load depending on the particular fault conditions. Inrush current limiting is included to slowly charge the input capacitor without interruption due to die heating, a problem encountered without the current limit foldback feature.

FEATURES

- Meets IEEE 802. 3 af Specifications •
- 100V, 1Ω Integrate DMOS Device
- 420mA Current Limit for MP8001 810mA Current Limit for MP8001A
- **Open Drain Power Good Output**
- SOIC-8 Package

APPLICATIONS

- **VoIP Telephones** •
- **Network Cards**
- Security Camera Systems
- Safety Backup Power •
- **Remote Internet Power** •



TYPICAL APPLICATION

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ORDERING INFORMATION

| Part Number | Package | Top Marking | Free Air Temperature (T _A) |
|-------------|---------|-------------|----------------------------------------|
| MP8001DS* | SOIC-8 | MP8001DS | -40°C to +85°C |
| MP8001ADS** | SOIC-8 | MP8001A | -40°C to +85°C |

* For Tape & Reel, add suffix -Z (e.g. MP8001DS-Z). For RoHS compliant packaging, add suffix -LF (e.g. MP8001DS-LF-Z)

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PACKAGE REFERENCE

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1)

| Recommended Operating | Conditions (3) |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Storage Temperature | 65°C to +150°C |
| Lead Temperature | 260°C |
| Junction Temperature | |
| | 1.19W |
| Continuous Power Dissipation | (T _A = +25°C) ⁽²⁾ |
| CLASS | |
| I _{LIM} | 0.3V to +7V |
| PG, DET | |
| V _{DD} , RTN | 0.3V to +100V |

| n Temperature | 150°C | an |
|---------------|--------------------------------|-----|
| • | | (M |
| emperature | 260°C | dis |
| e Temperature | | reg |
| | $\dots -65 \ C \ 10 + 150 \ C$ | sh |
| | (0) | ch |

Recommended Operating Conditions Supply Voltage V_{IN}..... 0V to 57V Output Current I_{OUT}0 to 0.4A Operating Temperature.....-40°C to +85°C

Junction Temperature -40°C to +125°C

Thermal Resistance (4) θ.ΙΑ $\theta_{\rm JC}$

Notes:

- Exceeding these ratings may damage the device. 1)
- The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the 2) maximum junction temperature T_J (MAX), the junction-toambient thermal resistance θ_{JA} , and the ambient temperature T_A. The maximum allowable continuous power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated by P_D (MAX) = (T_J /AX)-T_A)/θ_{JA}. Exceeding the maximum allowable power ssipation will cause excessive die temperature, and the equilator will go into thermal shutdown. Internal thermal nutdown circuitry protects the device from permanent damage.
- The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its 3) operating conditions.
- 4) Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 V_{DD} = 48V, all voltages with respect to V_{SS} , V_{SS} = 0V; R_{DET} = 26.1k Ω , R_{CLASS} = 4.42K Ω , R_{ILIM} =178k Ω , T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

| $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, unless off Parameter | Symbol | Condition | | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|
| Detection | Cymser | oonanion | | | .,6 | max | onno |
| | N/ | | | | 1.0 | | \/ |
| Detection on | V _{DET_ON} | V _{DD} =V _{RTN} =V _{PG} =1.9V | | | 1.9 | | V |
| Detection off | V_{DET_OFF} | $V_{DD}=V_{RTN}=V_{PG}=11V$ | | | 11 | | V |
| Detection on/off Hysteresis | $V_{\text{DET}_{H}}$ | Falling below 11V on Th | nreshold | | 0.2 | | V |
| DET Leakage Current | V _{DET_LK} | V _{DET} =V _{VDD} =57V, Measu | re I _{DET} | | 0.1 | 5 | μA |
| | | V _{VDD} =V _{RTN} | V _{DD} = 3V | 135 | 140 | 145 | μA |
| Detection Current | I _{DET} | $ R_{DET} = 26.1 k\Omega, \\ Measure I_{VDD} + I_{RTN} + I_{DET} $ | V _{DD} = 10.1V | 405 | 420 | 435 | μA |
| Classification | · | | | | | | |
| V _{CLASS} Output Voltage | V _{CL} | Over a Load Range of 1 | mA to 41.2 mA | 9.6 | 10 | 10.3 | V |
| | | R_{CLASS} =4420 Ω , 13 \leq V _{VDD} \leq 21V (guar by V _{CL}) | | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.8 | mA |
| Classification Current | | R_{CLASS} =953 Ω , 13 \leq V _{VDD} \leq 21V (guar by V _{CL}) | | 10.3 | 10.6 | 11.3 | |
| | I _{CLASS} | R_{CLASS} =549 Ω , 13 \leq V _{VDD} \leq 21V (guar by V _{CL}) | | 17.7 | 18.3 | 19.5 | |
| | | R_{CLASS} =357 Ω , 13 \leq V _{VDD} \leq 21V (guar by V _{CL}) | | 27.1 | 28 | 29.5 | |
| | | $R_{CLASS}=255\Omega$, $13 \le V_{VDD} \le 21V$ (guar by V_{CL}) | | 38 | 39.4 | 41.2 | |
| Classification Lower Threshold | V_{CL_ON} | Regulator Turns on, V_{VE} | Regulator Turns on, V _{VDD} Rising | | 11.3 | 13 | V |
| Classification Upper Threshold | V_{CU_OFF} | Regulator Turns off, V _{VDD} Rising | | 21 | 21.9 | 23 | V |
| | V _{CU_H} | Hysteresis | | | 0.4 | | V |
| IC Supply Current during Classification | I _{IN_CLASS} | V _{DD} = 17.5V, CLASS Floating, RTN Tied to VSS | | | 300 | 500 | μA |
| Leakage Current | ILEAKAGE | $V_{CLASS} = 0 V, V_{VDD} = 57V$ | / | | | 1 | μA |
| Pass Device | | | | • | | • | |
| On Resistance | R _{DS(ON)} | I _{RTN=} 300mA | | | 1.0 | 1.2 | Ω |
| Leakage Current | I _{SW_LK} | V _{VDD} =V _{RTN} =57V | | | 1 | 15 | μA |
| Current Limit | I _{LIMIT} | V _{RTN} =1V | MP8001 | 380 | 420 | 460 | mA |
| | | | MP8001A | 720 | 810 | 900 | mA |
| Inrush Limit | I _{INRUSH} | $V_{RTN}=2V, R_{ILM}=178k\Omega$ | MP8001 | 120 | 150 | 200 | mA |
| iniush Limit | | | MP8001A | 290 | 330 | 370 | mA |
| PG | - | | | | | | |
| Latch off Voltage Threshold Rising ⁽⁵⁾ | | V _{RTN} Rising | | 9.5 | 10 | 10.5 | V |
| Latch off Voltage Threshold Falling ⁽⁵⁾ | | V _{RTN} Falling | | | 1.2 | | V |
| PG Deglitch ⁽⁵⁾ | | Delay Rising and Falling | g PDG | 75 | 150 | 225 | μs |
| Output Low Voltage | 1 | I _{PG} = 400 μA | | | 0.12 | 0.4 | V |

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 V_{DD} = 48V, all voltages with respect to V_{SS} , V_{SS} = 0V; R_{DET} = 26.1k Ω , R_{CLASS} = 4.42K Ω , R_{ILIM} =178k Ω , T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | | Тур | Max | Units | |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|--------|--|
| Leakage Current | | $V_{PG} = 57 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{RTN} = 0 \text{ V}$ | | 0.1 | 1 | μA | |
| UVLO | | | | | | | |
| Valtage et V | | V _{VDD} Rising (including 1.4V Diode drop) | 38 | 40 | 42 | V | |
| Voltage at V _{VDD} | | V _{VDD} Falling (including 1.4V Diode drop) | 30.2 | 31.5 | 32.8 | V | |
| Thermal Shutdown | | | | | | | |
| Thermal Shut down Temperature | T _{RISE} | Temperature Rising | 135 | | | ٥C | |
| Hysteresis | T _{HYS} | | | 40 | | °C | |
| Thermal Shut down Counter ⁽⁵⁾ | T _{COUNT} | Events Prior to Latch off | | 8 | | counts | |
| Thermal Counter Reset Voltage ⁽⁵⁾ | V _{CRST} | Must Drop below Classification Range | | 10.8 | | V | |
| Bias Current | | | | | | | |
| Operating Current I _{Q(VDD)} | | V_{DD} = 48V, Pins 5, 6 Floating Measure I _{VDD} | | 240 | 450 | μA | |

Notes:

5) Guaranteed by Design.



| Pin # | Name | Description |
|-------|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | ILIM | Startup I _{LIM} Value Set (optional at this point). |
| 2 | CLASS | Classification Resistor. |
| 3 | DET | 26.1kΩ Detection Resistor. |
| 4 | VSS | Negative Power Supply Terminal. |
| 5 | RTN | Powered Device Negative Power Terminal. |
| 6 | PG | Power Good Indicator. |
| 7 | NC | No Connect. Possible post-package trim input. |
| 8 | VDD | Positive Power Supply Terminal. |

PIN FUNCTIONS

OPERATION

The MP8001/MP8001A operate in the manner described here and in the IEEE 802.3af Powered Device (PD) Specifications. These devices (along with the power sourcing element (PSE)) operate as a safety device to supply potentially lethal voltages only when the power sourcing element recognizes a unique, tightly specified resistance at the end of an unknown length of Ethernet cable.

A 26.1k Ω resistance is presented as a load to the PSE in Detection Mode, when the PSE applies two "safe" voltages of less than 10.1V each while measuring the change in current drawn in order to determine the load resistance. If the PSE "sees" the correct load, then it may either further increase the applied voltage to enter the "classification" range of operation or switch on the nominal 48V power to the load.

The classification mode can further specify to the PSE the expected load range of the device under power so that the PSE can intelligently distribute power to as many loads as possible (within its maximum current capabilities). If a classification resistance is not present, the PD load is assumed to be the maximum of approximately 13 Watts. The classification mode is active between 14.5V and 20.5V. The main power switch will pass a limited current above 31V, charging the external DC-to-DC converter's input capacitor in a controlled manner. The charging will continue until the controlled current drops below the either an externally programmed limiting level or 420mA/810mA, depending upon the Rlim current setting resistor. The main power switch is internally thermally protected to 135°C by reducing the output current using a foldback technique. The required power dissipation of the IC drops from the allowed peak value of 24W (420mA x 57V) to 0.18W ((420mA)² x R_{ON}) during the normal operation at turn-on. The minimum allowed capacitance of 5µF will charge in 500µs. A larger capacitor will take a proportionally longer time to charge due to the constant current charging method. If a capacitor that is too large will overheat the part and force it into thermal shutdown. The IC will reattempt charging for a number of cycles but ultimately will be shut down until the input voltage from the PSE is recycled. This is the way the IC protects itself under overload and/or shorted conditions.



BLOCK DIAGRAM



Figure 1—PD Block Diagram



PACKAGE INFORMATION



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